BY J. L. PENNINGTON & CO.

THE DAILY PROGRESS.

VOL. VI. RALEIGH, TUESDAY, SEPT. 5, 1865 NO. 250

THE NEWS.

—For latest news see Fourth Page.

—Some time since, an advertisement appeared in the Richmond *Bulletin* in which the advertiser expressed a wish to go into the newspaper business with some one who had the material, as his printing office had been destroyed "by the public enemy." A few days since General Terry's attention was attracted to this expression, and Mr. Baily, the publisher, was sent for to state who the publisher was. He proved to be John J. Palmer, formerly editor of a paper in Winchester, which was taken possession of by the Union troops, who lately returned to Richmond, having been absent since the evacuation. Mr. Palmer was then sent for and committed to Castle Thunder, from whence he has been removed to the city jail. Palmer was a clerk in the *Sentinel* office here during the war, and was connected with the Richmond *Enquirer* before the war.

—The Democratic convention of New Jersey met at Trenton on the 30th ult., and nominated General Kunyou, as its candidate for Governor. Resolutions were adopted charging the consequences of the war on the election of a sectional President and the fanaticism of a sectional party; favoring the return to gold and silver currency; declaring and insisting on the rights of the States opposing negro suffrage, and emphatically agreeing with President Johnson that this subject must be left with the States. Thus do the copperheads corporate in their platforms doctrines both sound and rotten.

—The New York *Herald's* Washington correspondent says of the late Treasury defalcation: Nearly twelve hundred thousand dollars were involved, if reports be true. Of this amount it has transpired that about seven hundred thousand dollars were promptly settled by conveyances, and assignments purporting to be good for the balance have also come into possession of the department. In addition to this, bad bonds are held for nearly a quarter of a million of dollars. From all these sources the government can certainly realize the bulk of its unpaid balance.

—Savannah advices state that Gen. Brannon has issued an order levying a tax on the citizens to defray the expense of cleaning the streets. He also issued an order that all arms and accoutrements belonging to the Government be turned into the Quartermaster's department. Twenty-three hundred bales of cotton arrived there during the week ending August 26.

—San Francisco advices say that all further search for bodies lost by the wreck of the *Brother Jonathan* has been suspended. Gen. Wright and family, it is now known, are certainly among the victims. Her commander also went down with the vessel. There are loud complaints that the steamer was unseaworthy, but the agents declare that the accident would have stove in the stoutest vessel.

—The wife of Lewis Washington, of Bellair, Va., is now in Washington importuning for the restoration of their farm, which was confiscated in consequence of the rebelism of her husband. Lewis Washington is a relative of the Father of his Country, and was, it will be recollected, taken prisoner near Harper's Ferry, by Old John Brown.

—The cotton crop will be almost an entire failure throughout West Tennessee, the rust destroying it before it matures. It is said the best cotton county in the western part of the State will not yield two hundred pounds to the acre.

—It has been represented that attempts have been made to abduct George Saunders from Canada, and that these attempts were incited by the President's proclamation, offering a reward for his arrest. The only proclamation on the subject which has been issued is that of the 24st of May last, and that promises the reward only upon the condition of the apprehension of Saunders within the limits of the United States.

—The New York *Express* says: "It is also noted that the direct trade between Southern ports and Europe is becoming very large. We hear of large exports of sugar at New Orleans, as well as large exports of cotton and of tobacco from thence and from Mobile and Richmond.

—Mr. Mansfield Lovell, formerly Major General of the Confederate army, whose defence of New Orleans did not earn him much reputation among the Rebels, is now reported to be editor of the New York *Daily News*.

—The Washington correspondent of the Springfield *Republican* thus invidiously assails President Johnson: "The President is off on another of his water excursions. He seems to be very fond of them, though he comes back ill from them—worse than when he started."

—The New York *Journal of Commerce* says about two hundred Swiss and Polish passengers have recently arrived, and thousands more are expected.—These persons leave their native land, many of them in exile for political offences, and they seek our hospitable shores to escape the tyranny under which they have long bowed.

—Dr. Craig, of Bristol, is in the Lynchburg jail for killing a man named Goodwin; and Mr. William Davis, of Bristol, is there also for killing Daniel Skinner. The friends of both are confident of their discharge.

—Captain Nye, of the ship Abigail, is said to have expressed his scorn and fearlessness of the pirates at the time of his capture, saying to Wordell, of the Shenandoah: "You have not ruin me yet; I hav ten thousand dollars at home, and before I left I lent it to the Government to help fight such fellows s you."

—A discharged soldier in Washington went into a saloon with a female named Susan Young. He tried to force her to drink. On her refusing he tried to draw a pistol from his boot. In doing so it went off, cut one of his arteries, and he bled to death in twenty minutes.

—Kirby Smith is still near Matamoras, on a plantation owned by a Southern planter from Florida.

THE CITY.

A COINCIDENCE.—Glancing over one of Sabin's admirable reprints of ancient pamphlets, bearing on the history of this country, entitled "The State Revolution in New England," and originally dated 1689, we find a fresh illustration of the old proverb, "there is nothing new under the sun." The people of New England, determined no longer to endure the oppression of the Governor, Sir Edmond Andros, rose in revolution, disposed and imprisoned him. The following sentence, referring to the transaction, has a familiar ring: "We have also advice, that on Friday last, towards evening, Sir *Edward Andros* did attempt to make an escape in Woman's apparel, and passed two guards, and was stopped at the third, being discovered by his shoes, not having changed them.

The coincidence of course is between the case of Andros and Mr. Davis.

SCOTT, HARRISON & CO.—We see that this well known and justly popular Petersburg firm announce their purpose to resume business on Sycamore street about the 20th inst. It is rather unusual for a distant paper to notice such facts, but the gentlemen who comprise the firm are so deserving that we not only make this mention, but trust the large patronage extended them in times agone may be quadrupled in the future. Their facilities for the transaction of business are unusually extensive—the partners are men of probity, honor, liberality and enterprise—and we feel justified in predicting that their stock of goods will equal any in the Southern country. If you buy in the "Cockade city," go and see them.

THE CONDITION.—We are frequently asked upon what condition the drinking saloons of this city have been permitted to resume business. Upon the identical basis which governs this operation in other North Carolina towns. Their proprietors are prohibited from selling to enlisted men under any circumstances, and to drunken citizens or officers.

In fixing the amount of restraint, Capt. McIvor was governed by precedents which seem to have official endorsement of the general commanding the department.

DECEASED SOLDIERS.—Mr. James T. Morris, of Petersburg—a gentleman who appears highly recommended—gives notice that he will disinter, pack and deliver to either Express office in that city, the remains of any soldier buried in or in twenty miles of Petersburg. His price will be liberal, and will guarantee the corpse to go all right to its destination, either in zinc lined cases or metalic cases. The parties ordering remains are of course to furnish information as to the places where the bodies are intered, with names of the deceased.

VERY EMPHATIC.—A severe charge was administered to a man by the Provost Marshal yesterday, who he was discharging from arrest for unlawfully trafficking. He made him at all times responsible for what occurred hereafter on his place, and would hear of no excuse whatever in another case, but would keep him or any other offender of the same class, in the jail until the end of military existence here, and then recommend that he be punished still further. This is beyond doubt the proper view to take in such cases.

PROVOST'S SANCTUM.—A visit to the sanctum of the provost marshal yesterday, inspired us with the full hope that the era of law and order was about to set in. Not a case on the docket! Now, we have only to say that is precisely the way for our people to live. They may take divers and sundry toddies, but there is no necessity for passing the boundary line of law. Eat, drink and be merry, but don't quarrel, fight, cut, slash, and go before the provost.

[redacted]

middle aged southern lady,—a refugee from Florida. She is capable of teaching children, can cut and make children's clothing, and do plain sewing. Inquire for Mrs. Wier, Exchange Hotel.

MAGISTRATES OF WAKE.—Col. Nathan Ivey, the chairman of the magisterial court of Wake, publishes to-day a summons for the members to meet here next Saturday, for the transaction of business important to the county.

EDUCATIONAL.—We learn from advertisement that Miss Nannie Lorejoy proposes opening a school on the 11th inst. She is thoroughly qualified for the task and will be able to give satisfaction to those who send pupils.

GONE TO WILMINGTON.—Maj. General Crook and staff, left the city yesterday for Wilmington. The General is to assume command at the latter point, relieving Brig. Gen. Hawley.

IN THE FIELD.—We see by his letter to Messrs. Allen Adams, Isaac Rowland and S. M. Williams, that Col. Wm. H. Harrison, of this city, is a candidate for the convention from Wake.

RECOMMENDED.—Dr. R. K. is recommended for Congress from the 1st North Carolina district.

A BEHIND INSTITUTION.—The New York *Weekly Review* is a welcome visitor to the inner sanctum sanctorum of the *Progress*, where the jolly element of the editorial corps perform their various, ill-paid, unappreciated, and invisible labors, with paste-pot, scissors, and piles of exchanges mountain high. The invisible element passes six hours each day, (Sundays not excepted) and only when the *Review* comes to hand does his grim face relax into a smile of pleasantry.—From its prospectus, we extract the following, advising everybody that the McArone contributions, not enumerated below, are more than worth the price of subscription, which is four dollars per annum:

"To attain variety, however, and fully to merit the favor of cultivated readers, this weekly review gives careful attention to all the sister arts. From week to week, therefore, its columns represent, according to their limits, Painting, Sculpture, the Drama, and General Literature. The place of prominence is, of course, given to Music, which, has been our speciality in journalism for upwards of fifteen years. But in the other departments of this paper, will be found poems, stories, essays, sketches, critical notices of the local Drama and of art exhibitions, book notices, literary notes and general miscellany.

DEAD.—A deranged woman, named Mary Kaganagh, who passed through here last Saturday, from South Carolina, on her way to the Virginia Lunatic Asylum at Staunton, died the next morning in the vicinity of Forrestville.

AN ACTIVE CANVASS.—Now that the people of the county have virtually declared in favor of an open fight for the convention, we expect to see an animated but we trust courteous canvass among the different aspirants. There will be at least six Richmonds in the field.

ROW BETWEEN SOLDIERS AND NEGROES.—About 7 o'clock last night, a difficulty occurred near the depot of the North Carolina railroad between a soldier and negro, growing out of some conversation had by the former with an unbleached piece of calico. Words were first exchanged—then menaces with fists followed—and at last each of the belligerents seized guns, but discreet parties at that conjunction interfered and prevented their use.

The provost guard passed our office in a few minutes after news of the occurrence reached Fayetteville street, at a double quick, but when they arrived at the point of disturbance comparative quiet had been restored.

It is probable the case will be investigated by the provost marshal, if the disputants are identified.—But whether such success is or is not had, the feeling excited among the soldiers against the blacks is intensely bitter. We hear threats of revenge on every hand and shall not be surprised at any moment if called upon to record some startling tragedy.

We do not pretend to espouse the cause of either party to the affray, in the absence of authentic knowledge of the circumstances; but we think the day is not distant when cuffy will find that *freedom* is one thing and equality another—that while he has had the first given him, he can never on this earth get the other.

ARRIVALS AT THE EXCHANGE HOTEL.

RANDALL & CO., PROPRIETORS.

SEPTEMBER 2D 3D AND 4TH.

S B Dougherty, Chapel Hill, N C
Geo L Montgomery, Capt & Act Ordnance Officer
Benj Lecraft and 2 sons, Beaufort N C
Miss Lecraft, Beaufort
William Taylor, two Ladies and two children, Beaufort N C
Mr S Patterson, Charlotte
Miss Johnson, Charlotte
Miss Adams, Charlotte
Miss Young, Charlotte
William Dunn, Kingston
R P Gibson, Greensboro
J D Wilson, Newbern
Miss Kelley, Fayetteville
C S Ellis, Wilmington
Andrew Mercer, Beaufort
A S Kise, Lt Col 120 Ind Vols
J J McClure, R Q M 120 Ind Vols
N F Reed, Wintworth
C M Ray, Charlotte
Maj Genl Kilpatrick, Lexington
Maj E V Brookfield, Lexington
Capt E Northup, Lexington
Maj Genl Geo Crooke and wife
Col H E Tramaine, of Genl Kilpatricks Staff
Maj C L Roberts, of Genl Kilpatricks Staff
James H. Admire
J E Melver, Capt U S V Post Commandant
Dan'l Brophy, N York
Louis Baer, Newbern
Albert Cuming, Raleigh
V Bernard
Maj E O Ford U S A
Lieut S E Day 37 U S C
Lieut J W Strorm U S Vol's
W. Crombie Newberne
D L Ryan Fewbern
M Carroll
A B Carroll
E W Lloyd, Charlotte South Carolina
J W Gardiner, S C
W E Rowan, Ohio
O H Strorns, Buffalo N Y
Mr Kellogg, Raleigh N C
G Hester, " "
D M Rose, N C R R
Miss Speedinger, Co Shops
Maj E C Ford, East Cleveland Ohio
Q N Cooper, Iredell Co.
J W Gray, " "
Lt. Lt. L Smith, 2d Mass Artillery
John Dry, Newbern
Capt. G F W Welly, A Q M Greensboro'
D B Bixle, Beaufort N C
J Davies, North Carolina
Alex G Black, New York
Ed J Fritz, N C R R
Capt Wm S Freeman, 128 Ind Vols Salisbury
Lieut Chas Osborn, 128 Ind Vols Salisbury
Lieut M L Robinson, Greensboro
G N Murphy, Sutler 128 Ind Vols Salisbury
S W Grugley, Seargt 128 Ind Vols
George H Shepherd, Greensboro
R A Stevenson, Greensboro
Robt Rouesin, Greensboro
W W McNulty, Columbia Ohio
Albert Cuming, Raleigh
Rightmer Mortimer, Raleigh
G A Lyon, Greensboro
N L Laisde, New York
H P Cassoday, New York
James H Simpson
Wm J Canup, Smithfield
William Treadway, Smithfield
Harry D Fouse
S Schenck
J T James
Genl J L Casement, Ohio
J M Palmer, 3d N Y Vols
Doctor James J Phillips, Edgecombe
Lieut Charles P Gray, 5 U S C T
Andrew Mercer
Sam'l Wesley.
Edward Glenn N York
George Washington N C.
Marion Rhoten Raleigh
Ed'n Gothmee sam wife
Lieut S J L Rhodes U S C I
Voltaire Combs Syracuse
C H. Abbott Morehead City
A J Dustan U S C I
John Radcliffe
John Smith, Arkansas
A Mercier, Beaufort
N W Berrin
A C Brumley, Raleigh
Charles E Preston, Lexington
Col Ester, A A G to Maj Genl Kilpatrick
Miss Ester, Lexington
C A Hosman, Lexington
J S Morris, Washington, D C
M Sullivan, Mil Conductor
Col Harry Clark, Greensboro
W M Alston, Wagnall, New York City
Charles Middleton, Va

PROMENADE.—Among the distinguished arrivals in our city in the last few days, and stopping at that popular hotel,—the Exchange—we notice the names of Maj. Gen. Kilpatrick and staff, Maj Brookfield and Capt. Northrop; Maj Gen. Geo. Crook, wife and staff, Col. Tremaine and Maj. Roberts; ex-Brigadier Cummings of Ohio, Col. Estes, A. A. G. to Gen. Kilpatrick. The two last named gentlemen are still at the Exchange. Gen. K. and staff started North last Friday morning. Gen. Crook, lady and staff, left for Wilmington yesterday, where he assumes command.

MARKET REPORT

CORRECTED DAILY BY

E. A. WHITAKER,

Grocer and Dealer in Provisions.

Apples—Dried, $1 25 per bushel,
" Green, $1 50 per bushel,
Bacon—Firm; sales at 36@38c per lb.
Beef—10c per lb.
Butter—35c per lb.
Cheese—40c per lb.
Chickens—25 a 30c a piece.
Coffee—50c per lb.
Corn—$1 00 per bushel.
Eggs—30 a 35c per dozen.
Flour—Superfine $11 per bbl.;
Hides—Green 10c.
" Dry 15c.
Honey—in comb, 25 to 30c per lb.
Lamb—12½@15c per lb.
Lard—25c per lb.
Meal—$1 15 per bushel.
Mullets—None.
Mackerel—$20 per bbl.
Onions—$1 50 per bushel.
Peaches—dried 10c per lb.
Peas—White $100; Stock 90 to $1; Garden 40c per peck.
Potatoes—Irish $1 00 per bush.
" Sweet, new, $1 50 per bushel.
Sugar—Crushed 35c per lb; Brown 25c
Syrup—40c@50 per gallon.
Soda—Cooking, 25c per pound.
Salt—$3 00 per bushel.
Tallow—10c@12½ per lb.
Herrings—$14 per bbl.
Rice—15c per lb.
Candles—Adamantine, 40c per box.
Soap—Turpentine, 20c per lb.
Bluestone—50c per lb.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SCHOOL.

MISS ANNIE LOVEJOY WILL OPEN A SCHOOL at the residence of her father, in this city, on the 11th of September, for boys and girls. Tuition for session of five months $25, including Latin, French and Greek languages. Sept. 5-2t.

State Convention.

PUBLIC SPEAKING!

MESSRS. W. H. HOOD & J. L. PENNINGTON,

Candidates for the State Convention, will address their fellow-citizens at the following times and places, where they will be pleased to meet their fellow-citizens. Other candidates are invited to attend these appointments:

Eagle Rock,	Thursday,	September	7th.
Wakefield,	Friday,	"	8th.
Rollsville,	Saturday,	"	9th.
Auburn,	Monday,	"	11th.
Hayes' Store,	Tuesday,	"	12th.
Morrisville,	Wednesday,	"	13th.
Spikes',	Thursday,	"	14th.
Oak Grove,	Friday,	"	15th.
Laws',	Saturday,	"	16th.
Green Level,	Monday,	"	18th.
Tabby Jones',	Tuesday,	"	19th.
Barney Jones',	Wednesday,	"	20th.

Sept. 5th, 1865. 1d.

To the Magistrates of Wake County.

YOU ARE NOTIFIED AND REQUESTED TO MEET at the Court House on Saturday the 9th day of September, to transact important county business. A full attendance is requested, as a majority of the whole will be required to meet by 11 o'clock.

NATHAN IVEY,
Chm'n of Court.
Sept 5-5t.

LOST,

A BREAST-PIN, GOLD TROWEL, MASONIC Emblem.

The finder will receive five dollars reward and no questions asked by leaving it at the

Sept. 5-1t PROGRESS OFFICE.

WM. H. FINCH,

Forwarding and Commission Agent,

N. C. DEPOT, RALEIGH, N. C.

HIS LONG EXPERIENCE AS A RAILROAD AND Express employee justifies him in believing that he can give satisfaction to patrons.

He will be at the depot on the arrival of all trains, and he solicits consignments of Cotton and Produce of all descriptions.

Goods kept on stores while in transit, and trusty messengers sent with all goods, and every precaution taken against loss of cotton by fire.

Country Produce bought and sold, or sold on commission. Goods purchased and orders filled of every description.

Special attention paid to the forwarding of small packages.

Raleigh, Sept. 5th, 1865. 1m.

Sept. 4-1m No. 32, Cortlandt St., New York, N. C.

$10 8

Mammoth Boot,

SIGN OF THE

Mason & Stayner,

Direct from the Manufacturers.

Country Merchants and Dealers are invited to call and examine their stock.

BOOTS & SHOES,

$10 8

Sign of the Mammoth Boot,

MASON & STAYNER,

THE POST OFFICE BEING FOR THE PRESENT up stairs, and therefore inconvenient, a mail bag displayed at the window will indicate that it is open. No bag, that it is closed.

A. MILLER, P. M.
Raleigh, Sept. 2, 1865. tf.

TO PRINTERS.

A FIRST-RATE NO. 2 WASHINGTON HAND Press for sale, nearly as good as new. Price $150. The price for a new one is $300. Will be sold as above if applied for immediately. Apply to

J. L. PENNINGTON,
Sept. 2-tf. Progress Office.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GRAND FALL OPENING!

GRAY, KELLOGG & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL HOUSE

(Old stand of S. H. YOUNG,)

Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.,

Keep constantly on hand a large and well selected assortment of

Dry Goods,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

HATS AND CAPS,

Groceries, &c., &c.

Having made arrangements with prominent houses in New York, they are enabled to offer to the public at all times the

LATEST STYLES OF GOODS,

which they will sell at rates not to be surpassed by any establishment in the State. sept1-3m

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &C.

8 DOZ. WEEDING HOES, Nos. 1, 2 and 3—Elwell's Simmon's, and other makes.
50 pair Hooks and Hinges, assorted sizes
500 Carriage Bolts, do. do.
12 pair Sad Irons
2 doz. Frying Pans
20 Steel Corn Mills—something new
5000 papers Cut Tacks, assorted sizes
50 papers Carpet Tacks
10 dozen Mill Saw Files
5 do Flat Bastard Files
5 do Half-round Files
5 do Three-cornered Files
20 do Hand-saw Files
3 do Nail Claw Hammers
2 do Cast Steel Lathing Hatchets
10 do Cast Butt Hinges
10 gross Wood Screws, assorted sizes
10 dozen Augers
10 do Knives and Forks
10 do Pocket Knives
4 do pairs of Scissors
15 do Table Spoons
15 do Tea Spoons
100 pounds Swedes Iron Horse-shoe Nails
10 dozen Gimblets, assorted sizes
5 do Auger Bitts, with Braces
5 do Boxwood Pocket Rules
3 do Butcher Knives
2 do Chest Locks
20 do Pad, Draw and Cupboard Locks
4 do pairs Snuffers
15 do Cast Steel Axes
200 kegs Cut Nails, assorted sizes—daily expected

ALSO on hand, a large assortment of Rim Locks, Fire-plate Locks, Horse Brushes, Shoe Brushes, Coffee Mills, Polished Shovels, and 1 cask Hammered Wrought Nails. Just received and for sale by

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.,
Raleigh, Aug. 30-tf Commission Merchants.

LOUIS FENONE,

FRESCOE AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,

Has located in Raleigh, and offers his services to the public.

GRAINING AND EGYPTIAN MARBLING,

GILDING, LETTERING, &c.,

Done in the best style.

Orders for work solicited. May be seen at Exchange Hotel. aug31-3w

SMALL LOT WANTED.

WANTED to purchase in the city of Raleigh, a Small LOT, say one fourth to one half acre, with small house on it, or if the location suits the ground will be bought without improvements on it. Apply at

sept1-tf PROGRESS OFFICE.

SEED WHEAT.

600 BUSHELS RED WHEAT, plump grain, and free from disease of every kind, which I will sell for seed. Price $3 per bushel.

R. A. JENKINS,
aug31-1w Williamsboro, N. C.

GREAT INDUCEMENT.

I WILL sell a bargain, for cash or on time, in a FARM at Williamsboro' of 340 acres land. Good improvements. A Tobacco Factory and fixtures to work 25 hands. 80,000 pounds Leaf Tobacco and 60 to 70,000 pounds to work on shares. I wish to sell all together.

R. A. JENKINS,
aug31-1w Williamsboro, N. C.

KITTRELL'S SPRINGS FEMALE COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,

Granville County, N. C.

THE FALL SESSION of this new Institution will open on the first Wednesday in October next. For particulars see Circular, or address

REV. C. B. RIDDICK,
aug31-1m Kittrell's Springs.

TAILORS, ATTENTION!

C. M. FARRISS, one door above the Progress office, has employment for an additional number of journeyman Tailors. Five good "Coat hands" can obtain employment by applying immediately. Females, well recommended, may apply. aug30-tf

CANVAS HAMS, BACON SIDES, &C.

2,000 POUNDS BACON SIDES, bright
1,500 do do do dark
1,000 do do do clear
3 tierces Choice Sugar-Cured Hams, extra
8 firkins Lard, 100 lbs each
25 kegs do do do
25 pails do do do
5,000 pounds Prime Shoulders
1 chest Black Tea
7500 pounds North Carolina Hams
500 do do do Sides
1,500 do do do Shoulders

For sale by B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.,
aug30-tf Commission Merchants.

WIRE, NAIL ROD AND SHEET IRON.

1000 POUNDS WIRE, running from No. 8 to 20.
2000 do Nail Rod Iron
2000 do Sheet do
2000 do Plantation do, from 3 to 8 inches wide
500 do Horse-shoe Iron
4000 do Shovel-plate Iron

For sale by B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.,
aug30-tf Commission Merchants.

BOARD AT BEAUFORT.

MRS. FULFORD will accommodate boarders by the day, week or month. Terms $10 per week—children and servants half price. Residence on Ann street. sept1-3w

SHINGLES! SHINGLES!

WANTED to purchase 15,000 to 20,000 good Shingles, pine or cypress. Apply to

sept1-tf J. L. PENNINGTON.

NOTICE.

ON Saturday, September 9th, I will sell at auction, at the Insane Asylum, about 25 head of finished STOCK HOGS, sows, boars and pigs. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock a. m.

RUFUS K. FERRELL,
aug30-4t Steward.

DAILY PROGRESS.

RALEIGH, N. C.

TUESDAY, SEPT. 5, 1865.

Office-Holders and Office-Holding.

There are in the South a class of men who seem to think they have a prescriptive right to fill all posts of honor and enjoy all the emoluments arising from public position. The conclusion has grown up in the practices of the past, when party caucuses, and not the voice of the people fairly expressed, decided candidacies of every shade and quality, from the constabulary of insignificant villages to the presidency of the republic. The manifestations about us are indicative of the strength and tenacity of the coterie. After four years of war, the South—too weak in numbers and too feeble in resources—had to abandon the struggle for a separate nationality. It is true her officers and soldiers are admired the world over for heroism in the field no less than patience in the camp; but the issue of the contest was adverse to the pretensions their feats of arms were designed to enforce. They have gracefully yielded their assent to the verdict, and not only Lee, Ewell, Johnson and Beauregard, but their veterans as a body, are now evincing the sincerity of their professed loyalty by engaging in every suitable effort to restore quiet to the country, prosperity to the people, and fraternity among the States.

But notwithstanding this exhibition of unselfishness from real men of the South—those who endured all the hardships, submitted to every form of sacrifice, and stood at posts of danger from the opening to the closing of the revolution—the old party hacks re-appear with their passion for place unsubdued. This is true throughout the length and breadth of our section; but it will argue ill for popular intelligence if the tricksters now succeed in foisting themselves upon the people. They still arrogate to themselves the direction of State and national affairs—all the decency and all the intelligence—and this when the evidence of their non-possession of high legislative and executive capacities is potent from the issue of the late war. If we could concede that the purpose of secession was hallowed, it would not detract from their guilt in attempting to give it form, or want of true wisdom in precipitating the demonstration, before deliberately measuring the probabilities of success.—It is true, the bitter lessons they have learned in the school of experience may sharpen foresight and quicken prudence; but instinct has such mastery over their minds, that, with rare exceptions, they could only be expected to adore "the loaves and fishes" without a shadow of reference to either the honor, prosperity, advancement or will of their constituencies. The same "old coon" of class legislation—assertion of the aristocracy of doing nothing, and the degradation of industry—the rank smell of mechanics—and a thousand other miserable sophisms would be perpetrated either by legislation or social practice; and the country would thus derive no impetus from the dethronement of elements which have so long and undeniably retarded progressive systems.

Against this class to which we refer, there ought to be a solid union of all who would give new life and vigor to the State and her concerns. Systematic effort will be requisite to defeat the machinations of old wire-workers, but the salvation of the nation makes the enterprise one worthy the best and most zealous endeavors of true men everywhere.

More Complaints Against North Carolina.

We take no pleasure in giving publicity to rumors or even stating facts relative to disaffection among our people, and nothing but a sense of duty and the hope of assisting in the work of reformation causes us to do it. Here is another dispatch from Raleigh, giving an account of lawlessness in some of the northeastern counties, on the authority of a Federal officer, which, if true, presents a deplorable condition of things in the section referred to. We copy from a New York paper of the 31st August:

RALEIGH, N. C., Monday, Aug. 21, 1865.

Lieut. A. W. Hahn, on special duty of an important character in the Department of Virginia, has arrived here from a trip through the north-eastern portion of this State where there is no military force. He reports that three persons were shot in Northampton county the other day by the Home Guards, or County Police, for refusing to return to their masters after accepting of employment elsewhere; that the people refuse to recognize the freedom of the blacks, who are whipped and tortured in the most fiendish manner for even expressing a desire to be free, and that shooting and killing these creatures appears to be the order of the day.

He also states that a Union man in Hertford county employed a colored girl for a family servant, without having first consulted her former master, who visited the Union man's house with a loaded gun with the view of killing him for this offense, as the wages were to be paid to the girl instead of the master. The Union man, who has been an officer in the Federal service, was obliged to flee for his life, for the rebel sympathizers took sides with the master.

Lieut. Hahn says that a perfect reign of terror exists in that portion of the State accessible to Norfolk, which is the nearest military post, although not included in that Department, and hence no protection can be afforded to the Union men and negroes from that quarter. It is nearly 100 miles from any military post in this State.

Now, this Lt. HAHN can have no object in the world in misrepresenting or injuring our State and people, and there must be at least some ground for the charges he makes. And if so, instead of trying to conceal the facts, let all loyal men now, whether in office or not, go to work to reform abuses and suppress disaffection.—There can be no doubt but Governor HOLDEN and Gen. RUGER will do all they can to suppress disaffection, and substitute therefor a healthy tone of public feeling and sentiment.

If the state of affairs in the section alluded to is as bad as this officer represents, he should have lost no time in reporting the facts to the commanding General of this Department, as he most probably has done. We desire the restoration of the State to the Union with civil law and social order, above all things, and as it can only be a very small proportion of our people that are disloyal in sentiment and lawless in action, it is the duty of all true and loyal men to point them out and have them arrested and punished. It will not do to sneer at those who make these complaints, and assert that there is no disaffection: there is some disaffection and attempts to conceal the fact and shield evil doers will only make matters worse. Let all who are not well affected towards the government be promptly punished.

EXTRAORDINARY DECISION OF A NEGRO MEETING.—The Mobile *Advertiser* of the 16th instant makes the following extraordinary announcement, on the authority of a citizen who was present at a meeting of negroes on the previous Sunday, near that city:

"Nine hundred of them assembled to consider their condition, their rights and duties under the new state of existence upon which they have been so suddenly launched. Our informant was surprised at the hard practical sense and moderation of tone with which the spokesman of the meeting urged their views. After long talk and careful deliberation, this meeting resolved, by a vote of seven hundred voices to two hundred, that they had made a practical trial for three months of the freedom which the war has bequeathed to them; that its realities were far from being so flattering as their imaginations had painted it; that they had discovered that the prejudices of color were by no means confined to the people of the South, but on the contrary, that it was stronger and more marked against them in the strangers from the North, than in the home people of the South, among whom they had been reared; that negroes, no more than white men, could live without work, or be comfortable without homes; that their Northern deliverers from bondage had not, as they had expected and been taught to expect, undertaken to provide for their happy existence in their new state of freedom, and that their old masters had ceased to take any interest in them or have a care for them; and finally, that their "last state was worse than the first," and it was their deliberate conclusion that their true happiness and well being required them to return to the homes which they had abandoned in a moment of excitement, and go to work again under their old masters. And so the resolutions were passed, and at last accounts the wanderers were packing up their little stock of movable goods preparatory to the execution of their sensible purposes."

HUSBANDS MARRYING THE NINTH WIFE.—While the Mohammedans and Mormons are denounced for their simultaneous possession of a number of wives, Americans and other anti-polygamists do not scruple at re-marrying ever so many wives after the death of their spouse. No doubt this is not unlawful as long as there is only one wife at a time; but yet the future Morman historian of domestic anti-Mormon arrangements may cavil at this matrimonial absorption of so many ladies by one gentleman, and characterize it as a species of gradual Mormonism. The instances of wives following in rapid success upon the death of their predecessors are much more frequent than those of numerous husbands of repeated widowhoods, disclosing, on the whole, a more satisfactory state of posthumous conjugal fidelity in a woman than in man. In Alexandria there is a tombstone devoted to the *ninth* wife of a Mr. Daniel Wren, who may probably have been stimulated in thus giving a successor to the lamented eight Mrs. Wrens, by scriptural fancy for the number nine, so conspicuous in Jacob's courtship of Rachel. In Salsburg, Austrian, Tyrol, one of the most pleasantly melancholy curiosities of the cemetery is a defunct gentleman surrounded with funeral affection by his six wives. In Buffalo, N. Y., the five wives of a respectable citizen repose peaceably in the earth together. The Turks are at a loss to account for this Christian predeliction for funeral harems, and it is to this day believed in Turkey that the Rev. Mr. Van Lennep, and American missionary, whose latest wife was a Miss Bull, from Hartford, has eaten up her many predecessors.

From Hampton—Serious Trouble Among the Negroes.

A correspondent of the Baltimore *Daily Gazette* writing under date August 30, furnishes the following:

Last night the whites were considerably startled by cries of "rally," "turn out," &c., and they awoke to find some 4 or 5 hundred negroes armed, marching up and down the treets, and stationing men at their doors to prevent their egress. The negroes were provided with weapons of all kinds, muskets, carbines, pistols, &c., and were firing up and down the street, whilst large crowds or them in the centre of the town were listening to a speech of one of their number, and greeting him with frequent cheers.—They kept it up until daylight, and finally wound up with cries to the effect that they had "cleaned out" the d—d rebels, and with threats as to future and similar action. The whites, of course, anticipated violent scenes, and the few that have any arms were obliged to be on the watch inside their houses all the night. No troops were sent up from Fortress Monroe to put down the riot, and the small provost guard stationed in the town was of no use whatever, and made no attempt to quell the disturbance, but only added additional violence to the scene by its drunkedness and quarreling.

Although no one was injured, still these proceedings show that the negroes are armed, organized, and dangerous. Many of them have been in the service and are able to use their weapons with effect. Of course the white people feel very insecure, and as but few have any arms, and being in proportion to the blacks as but one to one hundred, are at the mercy of the latter.

—The Macon *Telegraph* says that a citizen of Georgia, who has spent some weeks in several of the Northern cities, and enjoyed an opportunity of ascertaining public feeling with regard to Mr. Stephens, advises us that Mr. S. is almost universally sympathised with in that section. He has no enemies, but his friends are innumerable; and our informant thinks that were the President inclined to the contrary, he would scarcely desire to assume the responsibility of refusing a full pardon to the great statesman of Georgia, for the reason that the people of both sections are almost unanimous in their friendship towards him.

—Kirby Smith was at Matanzas, Cuba, a few days ago, where he was the lion of the hour.

THE STATE CONVENTION.

TO THE LOYAL VOTERS OF WAKE COUNTY.

FELLOW CITIZENS:—Having been recommended by large meetings representing twelve or fifteen districts of the county, I announced myself a candidate for the State Convention, some time since, subject to the action of a County Convention, should one be held.

At the recent term of the County Court a number of Conservatives made a call for a County Convention to nominate a ticket, which Convention met on Saturday last, but adjourned without making any nomination, there only being seven precincts represented. Previous to the assembling of the Convention, I begged my friends to drop my name if a better and more acceptable ticket could be formed, and urged the nomination or recommendation of W. H. Hood, Col. Russ and A. F. Page. I expressly authorized my friends to withdraw my name in favor of the gentlemen aboved named, or any one else who held their principles; but as the County meeting adjourned without forming a ticket, it leaves me no other alternative but to run. I therefore announce to my fellow citizens that I am a candidate for the State Convention and that I shall canvass the county as well as the short time left will permit me, and invite those who have slandered me to meet me on the stump.

If elected to the State Convention I shall favor all measures calculated to restore civil law throughout the State, to restore the State to the Union and to relieve our people of military rule

I shall most cheerfully and zealously support the administration of President Johnson and the administration and policy of Governor Holden.

I shall advocate the election of Governor Holden to the office he now holds by the appointment of the President when the people shall be called on to elect a chief magistrate.

In or out of the Convention I shall oppose negro suffrage. I shall advocate the enactment of laws for the protection of the person and property of the colored man, but I am opposed to extending him the right of suffrage or any other political privilege more than he now has.

I shall oppose the assumption or payment, by the State, of any debts or bonds, State bonds, Confederate bonds or County bonds, issued for the prosecution of the rebellion.

I shall favor the settlement of all debts of an individual character, contracted during the rebellion, upon a just, fair and equitable basis.

I shall favor the insertion of a clause in our State constitution declaring slavery or involuntary servitude, unless as a punishment for crime, forever abolished in North Carolina.

I give these outlines of my political principles for the benefit of such of my Conservative friends as may have been influenced or prejudiced by the falsehoods and slanders that have been circulated against me, but I will give them more in detail before the people.

I appeal to the really loyal and true Union men of Wake county for their suffrages. No man in the State has suffered more on account of the advocacy of peace measures than I have, and had my counsels been heeded by those in authority the war would have been closed before North Carolina was devastated by the presence of large armies. Of course the candidates of the secessionists will profess Unionism, but the fact that the leading secessionists, those who wanted Mr. Holden and his friends mobbed and hung last summer, support them, ought to be enough to cause all true Conservatives to shun them.

J. L. PENNINGTON.

Raleigh, Sept. 4th, 1865.

Secret Circular.

Our attention has been drawn to a *secret circular*, found in the streets of Salem, addressed to "Messrs M. F. A. W. B., and other prominent gentlemen of the true Southern party of Forsyth."

Initials are used in this secret circular, as a precaution, and the object in view seems to be to d[illegible] organize the Union party.

* * * * * * * * *

Secessionists seem to be the prime movers in [illegible] matter, and we take occasion to warn the publi[illegible] beware, before it is too late. We had an ide[illegible] transferring the whole of this secret circular to [illegible] columns, but our limited space would not adm[illegible] it this week, owing to its length.

The following extracts explain the object of this secret movement:

"We cannot but hope that you may be successful in accomplishing the one cherished object of our hearts, that is, the division of the Union party in this State, and probably in the Southern States, which you are well aware is the only mode by which the true Southern party may be allowed to participate in State or public offices of any kind."

Again:—

"You are aware, as we hope, the great caution will be necessary in accomplishing the measure we have spoken of, as should it once become known that the doctrine of repudiation has been instituted for the purpose of reorganizing the old democratic party of 1860, and the true Southern party of 1861, '62, '63, and '64, it would meet with such opposition from the men of Forsyth, as would prevent our making any headway, for I assure you that even Democrats of 1860, would oppose it in a great many instances."

The object of putting down the Union men men, this above alluded to secret circular intimates, must be accomplished by fair or foul means, at all hazards. A particular hatred, with mingled fear, is expressed in this circular against Judge Pearson, I. G. Lash and D. H. Starbuck, Esqrs., all of whom are and ever have been devoted and consistent Union men, and are prominent Union candidates for the Convention.

Away with all this!—This is no time to foment party strife, when we should all be united and work together for the good of our State and common country.—*Salem Press of Ind.*

—Judicial officers have been appointed by Judge Parsons, the Provisional Governor of Alabama, for the different circuit and county courts of his State.

NATURE'S FURNITURE.—Of the mouth, is far preferable to any that art can supply. Therefore, keep your teeth clean, and in good repair with that toilet gem, Fragrant Sozodont. Brush them daily with this delicious vegetable preparation, and they will not be likely to crumble or decay.

MERCHANT TAILORING.

FARRISS' COLUMN.

I. X. L.

C. M. FARRISS

Has just returned from the North with a New Stock of

FALL GOODS

Selected Expressly for this Market.

Consisting in part of

BEAVER CLOTHS,
BROADCLOTHS,
ENGLISH AND SCOTCH CASSIMERES,
SILK MIXED CASSIMERES,
TRICOT CASSIMERES,
BLUE CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES OF ALL COLORS!
CORDUROY,
BLACK SILK VELVETS,
GLOVES AND SCARFS.
SHIRTS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS!
ARMY HATS,
NAVY CAPS,
HALF HOSE,
SUSPENDERS,
HANDKERCHIEFS, NECK TIES,
LINEN AND PAPER COLLARS.
SHOULDER STRAPS,
MILITARY BUTTONS,
AND LACES,
SCARF PINS,
SHOES OF ALL KINDS,
TRUNKS AND VALISES.

MERCHANT TAILORING

Done in the very best style by C. M. FARRISS and his Superb Cutter, Mr. GRIFFITH.

SUITS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION made to order at the shortest notice, and in the very best manner.

☞ What you do not see in my store, order and you shall have it in the quickest possible time.

Raleigh, Aug. 28-tf C. M. FARRISS.

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

ROBT. A. MARTIN. ROBT. TANNAHILL.

MARTIN & TANNAHILL,

129 Sycamore Street, PETERSBURG, VA.,

Will give prompt personal attention to the sale of TOBACCO, COTTON, WHEAT, CORN, FLOUR, BACON, &C.

And respectfully solicit consignments from their old friends and the public generally.

We also FILL ORDERS FOR GOODS on the most favorable cash terms. aug7-3m

LUBLIN & STINER,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, LEATHER AND FINDINGS,

51 Sycamore street, PETERSBURG, VA

aug24-1m*

BERNARD TODD, C. C. PUGH and WM. L. CHRVES, have this day associated themselves together for the purpose of conducting a

General Grocery AND COMMISSION BUSINESS,

Under the Firm and style of

TODD, PUGH & CO.,

A the Old Stand of BRITTON, TODD & CO.,

No. 99 Sycamore st., PETERSBURG, VA.

where they will be pleased to see their old friends and the public generally.

They will keep on hand a well selected stock of GROCERIES.

They also solicit consignments of Country Produce and Goods generally. Liberal advances made on all goods sent them on consignment.

From the long experience of our Messrs. B. TODD and C. C. PUGH, we hope to merit a liberal share of public patronage.

BERNARD TODD,
C. C. PUGH,
WM. L. CHRVES.

aug 1m*

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—One thousand bushels FLAXSEED. aug18-1m DR. W. S. MILLER.

Standard and Sentinel copy.

JUST RECEIVED.

2 BALES—1000 yards—ALAMANCE PLAIDS.
200 Bunches COTTON YARN.
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.,
aug7 tf Fayetteville Street.

Rags! Rags!!—Two cents a pound will be paid for clean Cotton and Linen Rags, in large or small quantities, at the PROGRESS OFFICE.

DR. B. F. GARDNER,

(Formerly of Texas.)

WOULD respectfully offer his professional services to the citizens of Raleigh and surrounding country.

Office at the residence of Mr. Henry Pennington, near North Carolina depot. aug6-1m*

GLUE!

GLUE!!

GLUE!!!

FROM 15 to 25 cents per pound. Sold by C. W. ROSE & CO., aug28-tf 28 Craven street, Newbern.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

Fayetteville Street, RALEIGH, N. C.,

Solicit consignments of COTTON, COTTON YARN, and all kinds of Merchandise and Country Produce. g7-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER

HAVE RECEIVED, and will continue to receive additions and well selected stock of GOODS, WARE and MERCHANDISE; and have opened their Store (next door to the Express office) and are now ready to supply the demands of their friends and the public. aug14-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

NEW GOODS.

DRESS GOODS, Calicoes, White Goods, Woolen Goods, Hosiery, Hoop Skirts, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Travelling Satchels, Belts and Belt Ribbon, Gum Whalebone, Hooks and Eyes, Thread, &c., &c. aug14-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

SHOES.

A FINE ASSORTMENT for Children, Ladies and Gentlemen. aug14-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

GROCERIES.

A CHOICE LOT of Family Groceries, Sugars, Coffees, Soap, Salt, Pepper, Candles, Vinegar, Pickles, Canned Fruits, Sauces, Beef Tongue, Butter, Lemon & Fox's Crackers, Wines & Liquors. aug14-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

TOBACCO AND SEGARS.

AN excellent article fine cut Solace and Yellow Bar Chewing Tobacco. The choicest and best brands of Segars. aug14-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

FRENCH CONFECTIONARIES.

SUGAR ALMONDS, Cream Dates, Chocolate, Peppermint and Raspberry Drops, Rock Candy, Figs, Citrons, Raisins, Nuts, &c. aug14 W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

HATS.

WE will open in a few days the most magnificent stock of Hats ever offered in this market. aug14-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

COME AND SEE.

WOOD and Willow Ware, Bagging, Rope and Twine. Also, Perfumery, Extracts, Soaps and Toilet Articles. aug14-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

CALL AT TUCKER'S

FOR anything you want, and you can get supplied. aug14-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

WOOD FOR THE CAPITOL.

SEALED proposals will be received by the undersigned until 20th September next, to furnish a sufficient quantity of Wood for the use of the public offices in the Capitol and for the State Convention, the ensuing winter and spring.

The wood to be sound oak and hickory, to be delivered and measured in the wood-house on the capitol square from time to time as required.

Bidders will state the price per cord at which they will furnish it.

The right of rejecting bids not advantageous to the State is reserved. ROBT. H. BRADLEY,
aug22-t20s Keeper of Capitol.

Dental Notice.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Raleigh and surrounding country that he has opened an office over P. F. Pescud's Drug Store, where he will be pleased to wait upon all who may favor him with their patronage. Particular attention paid to the preservation of the natural teeth. Artificial Teeth inserted on the most approved principles of practice.

aug15-4m* J. H. CRAWFORD.

NEWS! NEWS!! NEWS!!!

NEW YORK DAILIES

RECEIVED EVERY DAY BY EXPRESS

—ALSO—

MAGAZINES

AND

All the Popular Periodical Literature of the Day at

THE RALEIGH NEWS AGENTS DEPOT

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

I. EDWIN WEST.

jy 15-tf Agent

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

NORTH CAROLINA ADVERTISER.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ESTABLISHED IN the City of Raleigh, an Agency for the purpose of buying and selling Real Estate in North Carolina. In connection therewith, and as auxiliary thereto they will publish a double sheet, twenty-four column weekly newspaper, wherein will be advertised, free of cost, all lands offered for sale through their agency, and which will be devoted to the dissemination of information concerning the agricultural, mineral, manufacturing and other resources of the State. By means of competent Agents in every county they will show the present advancement and special capabilities for future development of each.

It will be found, on investigation, that no State in the Union can present such a combination of advantages as North Carolina. Situated midway between the colder regions of the North and the more tropical climes of the South, its land stretching from the sea-coast to the mountains, yield bountiful returns of cotton, tobacco, rice, grain, fruits, pasturage, grapes and other products, while in its bosom lie rich mines of gold and iron, copper, lead coal, and other minerals, its rivers afford water power sufficient for the most extensive factories, and in its forests are boundless supplies of naval stores, timber and material for tanning. Under the recent change in the system of labor it becomes the interest of proprietors to part with a portion of their real estate, and it is the object of this enterprise, through agencies in Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, and other chief cities to bring these abundant resources of the State to the notice of men of energy and capital, to get together the seller and the buyer, and to aid in starting North Carolina in a career of prosperity heretofore unknown.

The ADVERTISER will be furnished free of charge to all customers, and to others at One Dollar per annum. The first number will be issued by the first of July, or sooner, if the type and necessary material already ordered, can be procured from New York before that time. Those desiring to advertise in the first number will please communicate to the undersigned at once. Moderate commissions will be charged where sales are made.

BATTLE, HECK & CO.,
Raleigh, N. C.

KEMP B. BATTLE.
J. M. HECK.
B. P. WILLIAMSON. je 12-t

☞ All papers in the State copy twice and forward bills.

R. S. LOUGEE. G. E. LOUGEE.

Lougee & Brother,

(Successors to W. J. Lougee, Raleigh, N. C.,)

Dealers in Stoves, Hard and Hollow Ware and Manufacturers of Copper, Sheet Iron and

TIN WARE.

WILL KEEP ON HAND EVERYTHING IN their line of business, and warrant every article of their make to be of lasting and endurable materials.

HOUSE ROOFING AND REPAIRING executed with fidelity and despatch.

Trusting that they may sustain the well-earned reputation of this old and popular establishment, of forty years standing, they respectfully solicit a continuance of that confidence and patronage. jy 6-3m

CARD—LAND AGENCY.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING HERETOFORE announced a "General Intelligence and Land Agency," in the city of Raleigh, to commence operations on the 1st inst., have since determined to confine their business to the counties of Wake, Granville and Franklin, in connection with the "N. C. Land Agency" of Messrs. Battle, Heck & Co. We find that we will be unable to give our personal attention to a more extended business of this particular character.

We have a general knowledge of the Lands in the above mentioned counties, and a personal acquaintance with most of the desirable tracts.

Landowners, &c., in either of the aforesaid counties, desiring to sell or to gain further information as to the expediency of the Agency, will please address us at Raleigh. Meanwhile, attention is directed to the prospectus of Battle, Heck & Co., published in the various papers of the State. RICHARDSON & MILLER.

7-4th

DAILY PROGRESS.

TUESDAY, SEPT. 5, 1865.

AUTHORIZED AGENTS FOR THE PROGRESS.

The following gentlemen are authorized to act as agents for the PROGRESS in their several localities; and they will receive and transmit subscriptions and advertisements at our published rates:

VESTAL & JOY, "Times" office, Newbern, N. C.
J. B. WHITAKER, Goldsboro', N. C.
T. S. WHITAKER, Wilmington, N. C.
MOSES A. SMITH, Salisbury.
E. M. BROWN, New Hill, Wake county, N. C.
S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., 37 Park Row, New York City, and 10 State street, Boston, Mass.

Other agents will be announced as soon as the arrangements can be made.

Where there are no agents persons can send money by mail. No paper sent until the subscription is paid.

A Daring Female Adventurer—Miraculous Escape

Says the Altoona *Tribune*: From the engineer of the emigrant train (upon which he assures us the heroine of the adventure returned to her home on Sunday afternoon last) we learn that a young girl named Mary Lee, a resident of Huntingdon, became infatuated with the tint and tinsel of show life, as is played in the "ground and lofty tumbling" of a circus troupe which exhibited at Huntingdon a few days since, and determined "for to go to see the monkey show" all the time; or, in other words, to become part and parcel of the aforesaid equestrian establishment. Accordingly she adorned herself in her "bib and tucker," and in the "wee sma' hours ayant the twal," when travelling shows usually take their departure for other scenes, she took up her line of march in company with tigers, bears and "such like" which formed the managerial portion of the exhibition, to say nothing of the, her to more dangerous associates in the shape of human bipeds, and when daylight dawned she was to the parental roof unknown. As a matter of course, the parents of the girl were justly indignant at her wayard conduct, and measures were immediately taken to turn her steps from the hazardous paths in which she fain would tread. Accordingly, a messenger was despatched to Lewistown, where the "show" was to exhibit, to intercept the foolish girl and bring her back, but the "getting wind" of the movement, determined to place a greater distance between herself and duty, and for that purpose became a passenger in one of the eastward bound passenger trains, doubtless intending to take refuge in another locality and wait until the circus came up. But the party in pursuit was on her track, and got upon the same train in which she was a passenger, just as it was "pulling out." Before he made his presence known, however, the girl espied him, and her fertile brain immediately conceived his object; and as she had evidently made up her mind to "play show" or die in the attempt, she made her way without delay to the platform of the car, the train moving at that time at the rate of about thirty miles an hour, and hesitating not, leaped from the car before her intentions were conjectured by those who witnessed her movements. The train was brought to a halt as soon as possible, and parties went back, expecting, of course, to find her either terribly injured or a mutilated corpse. What was their joyful surprise, however, to discover that she was not only neither one or the other, but that she had apparently escaped with but slight, if any injuries—thus manifesting beyond a doubt that if the show business wasn't fit for her, she was, at least, fitted for the show business. Her miraculous escape can only be attributable to the expansion of her crinoline skirts—an article which has not unfrequently played a prominent part in preserving human life. She was brought back to her home on Sunday last, as above narrated, and it is to be hoped that her brief experience in "acrobatic" feats will be sufficient to serve her the balance of her lifetime.

The Governor of Louisiana.

The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *Ledger* writes:

Though no public announcement has been made of the fact, the official letters sent by the Government to Governor Wells, of Louisiana, are addressed "J. Madison Wells, Provisional Governor," &c., from which it is inferred that the President has recognized him as such—and thus placed all the Southern States upon the same footing.

But why has there been no duly authorized announcement of the important fact for important it is inasmuch as Governor Wells cannot be both Civil and Provisional Governor, and if the President insists, upon recognizing him only as the latter, then is the Constitution of last year, under which he was elected, set aside, and Louisiana is at this moment without any such instrument.

The case is certainly a remarkable one, for if Governor Wells is recognized only as Provisional Governor, then is the entire election held under the rule of General Banks swept by the board; and the Senators elect to the United States Congress, who expect to take their seats at the coming session, are swept away with it.

And further, if the President is right in the transfer of the Governor from a civil to a provisional title, then was the famous election of '64 but a farce, though encouraged previously and afterwards endorsed by the lamented President, whose edict was then the law. The case, I repeat, as it stands is a remarkable one, rendered more so from the fact that Governor Wells himself is totally ignorant of his position as Provisional Governor, except from the superscription to the effect upon the official letters that reach him from Washington.

Fenian Riot in Ireland,

[From the London Pall Mall Gazette.]

A conflict has occurred the constabulary and the Fenians, at a place called Dangan, in the county of Cork. The police, seven in number, had arrested a drunken and disorderly man during the morning, it being a fair day in the village, and some two hundred people assembled to effect his release by force. The police, however, were successful in resisting this attack, and repaired to a cabin in the vicinity with their prisoner. At this stage a young peasant, jumping on an elevated part of the ditch near, addressed the crowd, calling on them as "true Fenians" not to be afraid of a "handful of police," but to show "that they were able to fight for the freedom of Ireland." The crowd then attacked the cottage into which the constabulary had entered, breaking the doors and windows with stones, and threatening to set fire to the house. On this being attempted, the police discharged their rifles, three of them firing two shots each, three others one shot and the others not firing at all. The result was that three persons in the crowd were seriously and one mortally wounded. There are a great many sworn Fenians in the county of Cork, but this is the first occasion on which they have done worse than drill and march by moonlight.

—The vote on State Treasurer in Kentucky has been very close but it is decided that Garrard, the Democratic candidate, is elected by a majority of 156. This is a close shave on a poll of 80,000.

—The London *Times* declares that drinking has become so interwoven with the very life and soul of every English occasion of importance, that the idea of closing grogshops on election days is simply inadmissible.

CONVENTION CANDIDATES.

[illegible] announced and requested to announce [illegible] as candidate for the office of Principal Doorkeeper of the ensuing Convention. sept1-td

Peyton P. Williams, of Wake, announces himself a candidate for the office of Assistant Doorkeeper of the ensuing Convention. au30-td

John H. Hill, of Randolph, announces himself a candidate for Assistant Doorkeeper of the ensuing Convention. aug24-td

Daily Standard copy till day.

We are authorized to announce W. H. HOOD, Esq., as a candidate in the county of Wake, for the State Convention—subject to the action of a county convention, should one be called. aug11-td

We are authorized to announce JOHN L. PENNINGTON, of Wake, as a candidate for the State Convention—subject to a county convention, should one be called. aug11-td

To the Members of the Approaching Convention.—I shall be a candidate for the Principal Clerkship of the N. C. State Convention which meets in Raleigh on the 3d day of October next.

Respectfully, JAS. H. MOORE.

aug14-td

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE!

The Original and Best in the World! The only true and perfect Hair Dye. Harmless, Reliable and Instantaneous. Produces immediately a splendid Black or natural Brown, without injuring the hair or skin. Remedies the ill effects of bad dyes. Sold by all Druggists. The genuine is signed William A. Batchelor. Also,

REGENERATING EXTRACT OF MILLEFLEURS, for Restoring and Beautifying the Hair.

aug14-1y CHARLES BATCHELOR, New York.

COLGATE & CO.

Beg to inform their customers that they still continue the manufacture of their various styles of Family and Toilet Soaps, Starch, and Candles.

COLGATE & CO.,
y31-3m Nos. 53 & 55 John St., New York.

COTTON YARN AND SHEETING.

20 BALES COTTON YARN, running from 7's to 14's
5 do Sheeting
2 do Alamance Plaids

Just received and for sale by

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.,
aug30-tf Commission Merchants.

CASTINGS.

TO accommodate the public the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad Company will make CASTINGS of any kind when the Patterns are furnished at their shops.

ALBERT JOHNSON,
aug22-tf Gen'l Sup't.

Standard and Sentinel copy till forbid.

Proposals FOR THE PURCHASE OF Horses, Mules, Wagons and Harness.

OFFICE CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
DEPARTMENT OF NORTH CAROLINA,
RALEIGH, August 14th, 1865.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M. on Tuesday, September 5th, 1865, for the purchase of a large number of Horses, Mules, Wagons and Harness.

The property will be free for the inspection of bidders at Charlotte, Raleigh and Newbern, N. C., from the 20th of August until the day of sale.

Horses and Mules will be put aside in lots of 12, 24, and 48, each; the Wagons in lots of 2, 4 and 8 each; and the Harness in lots of 12, 24 and 48 single setts, each. Proposals will only be considered for the whole of each separate lot.

A number of Four-Mule and Six-Mule Teams, with Harness and Wagons, will also be set aside at each point named, and proposals received for single Teams, with the Wagons and Harness complete.

Proposals should be addressed to the undersigned, at Raleigh; and should be endorsed—"proposals for the purchase of public property."

The right is reserved to reject all bids that may be offered.

Successful bidders will be notified in person or by telegraph; and will be required to remove the property on or before September 8th.

Full information, and blanks for proposals, will be furnished on application by letter or in person to the undersigned, or to Lieut. Simpson, A. A. Q. M., Charlotte; Capt. A. M. Garoutte, A. Q. M., Raleigh; Captain U. H. Wheeler, A. Q. M., Newbern; and Captain D. W. H. Day, A. Q. M., Raleigh.

Payment must be made in Government funds on the delivery of the property.

All Mules offered in this manner are sound and serviceable—a large proportion of them far superior to any offered for sale at auction in the Department. This will be the only opportunity planters and others will have of purchasing this class of stock from the Government.

J. F. BOYD,
aug15-td Col. and Chief Quartermaster.

PIONEER LAND OFFICE.

L. P. OLDS & CO.

Principal Office . . . . RALEIGH, N. C.

SPECIAL AGENCIES:

WILMINGTON, NEW BERNE, GOLDSBORO, GREENSBORO, SALISBURY, CHARLOTTE.

335 Atlantic St., New York, and 123 South St., Philadelphia.

AGENTS IN ALL COUNTIES—SHERIFFS ACTING WHERE THERE ARE NO SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS.

Our Agents all receive like compensation, viz: one (1) per cent commission on all sales through their Descriptive Lists or Applications.

BEGINNING immediately after the war collapsed, we continue to receive applications from buyers and sellers of Real Estate, and invite a still more extended use of this cheap, convenient, liberal, and satisfactory PLAN OF BUSINESS.

Parties can communicate through agents, or direct. Rules in the hands of all Agents.

Titles guaranteed according to our rules. (No. 14.)

FOR SALE.

Cotton, Tobacco, Turpentine, Corn, Mining and other Lands, Mills, Town Property, &c., &c.

All enquiries promptly answered with Maps, Diagrams and Sketches, if required.

Owing to accumulating business of other kinds, I would beg to transfer the management of the Land Office to my son, Mr. G. E. OLDS, for whose skill, tact and energy I can vouch. L. P. OLDS.

L. P. OLDS' Law Office at same place (for the present) Hon. H. W. Miller's office, east of the capitol.

aug3-1m

COTTON, COTTON, COTTON.

WANTED TO BUY, for Factory use, 50 to 100 bales good COTTON. It will be to the interest of parties holding Cotton to call on the undersigned.

aug14-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

ADOLPH COHN, WHOLESALE GROCER —AND— GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT, Goldsboro', N. C.

REFERENCES:

Alonzo T. Jerkins, Company Shops, N. C.
Wm. G. Thayer, Baltimore, Md.
McDaniel & Irby, Lynchburg, Va.

jy 14-3m

J. E. ALLSBROOK, SOUTH FRONT STREET,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN FAMILY GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, FLOUR, SPICES, CUTLERY, CROCKERY, HOOPS, &c.

I am receiving the above articles fresh by Steamers from New York and Baltimore.

GIVE ME A CALL.

jy 14-3m

LEOPOLD BAER, MIDDLE STREET, (BETWEEN POLLOK AND BROAD,) NEWBERN, N. C.

Keeps constantly on hand one of the largest stocks of DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, GROCERIES, &c., &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, to all in North Carolina.

He has just moved to his large and commodious NEW STORE, where his immense stock can be displayed to advantage; and he invites his old customers and the public to give him a call. jy 14-3m

C. W. ROSE & CO., WHOLESALE DEALERS IN WINES, LIQUORS, TEAS, COFFEE, SUGAR, ASSORTED GROCERIES, PINE AND PROVISIONS,

CRAVEN STREET, (BETWEEN SOUTH FRONT AND POLLOK,) Newbern, N. C.

Merchants and Traders wanting orders to be shipped by express will have them promptly filled at a slight advance on New York prices. jy 17-3m

HOUGH & CO., (Late W. C. Hamilton & Co.,)

Corner South Front and Middle Streets, Newbern, N. C.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, CROCKERY, FURNITURE AND HARDWARE.

jy 14-6m

Leland, Biglow & Co., COMMISSION —AND— FORWARDING MERCHANTS, —AND— Cotton Factors,

AND DEALERS IN

BAGGING, ROPE, TWINE AND OTHER GOODS SUITABLE FOR COTTON PLANTERS,

POLLOK STREET, (Near East Front St.,) NEWBERN, N. C.

jy 14-tf

Borland, Biglow & Co., COMMISSION MERCHANTS

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

BAGS & BAGGING,

NO. 7 BEAVER STREET, NEW YORK.

—:o:—

Liberal CASH ADVANCES made on consignments of COTTON, NAVAL STORES and other MERCHANDISE to the above House, by

LELAND, BIGLOW & CO.,

POLLOCK ST., NEAR EAST FRONT ST., NEWBERN, N. C.

jy 14-tf

NOTICE TO COTTON PLANTERS. NEWBERN STEAM COTTON GIN COMPANY.

THIS COMPANY HAVING MADE LARGE ADDITIONS to their works and erected large Warehouses, are prepared to Gin, Press, Bale and Store Cotton on very favorable terms the coming season, and would call the attention of cotton growers to the fact that in consequence of the low price of cotton, our prices will be greatly reduced from those of last season, and they will find it for their interest to give us a call. We would respectfully solicit their patronage.

LELAND, BIGLOW & CO.,
Corner Pollock and East Front Sts.,
jy 14-tf Newbern, N. C.

JNO. F. FOARD. W. R. CUNINGGIM.

Foard & Cuninggim, Forwarding & Commission Merchants

Near Old County Wharf, NEWBERN, N. C.

aug9-1m

H. J. MENNINGER, WHOLESALE DRUGGIST,

CORNER OF POLLOK AND MIDDLE STS., NEWBERN, N. C.

(The old stand of J. Gooding and I. Disosway.)

jy 14-3m

PEOPLE'S LINE STEAMERS.

(Connecting with N. C. R. R.)

For Norfolk and Washington.

WILMINGTON, WASHINGTON, PHILADELPHIA, AND NEW YORK.

THE STEAMERS

ARGO,	Captain WILLIS TILLEY
WASHINGTON IRVING,	" JOHN PEEL.
MAYFLOWER,	" WILLIAMS.
GAZELLE,	" [illegible] RYAN.
NEW BOAT,	" M. GLADEN.

One of the above steamers will leave the GASTON WHARF, Newbern, N. C., every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 8 A. M. Returning, will leave NORFOLK Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, on the arrival of the boats from Baltimore.

FARE:

From New Berne to Norfolk,	$10 00
" " " " Richmond,	12 00
" " " " Baltimore,	16 00
" " " " Philadelphia,	20 00
" " " " New York,	24 00

Passengers by this route can reach New York in forty hours from New Berne, avoiding all sea dangers.

For freight or passage apply at the office at SULLIVAN'S Store, corner of South Front and Middle streets.

Government transportation received on this line.

GEORGE OLNEY, Proprietor.

aug14-tf

Hulbert & McLean,

Have removed to the well known EMMET CUTHBERT STORE, Corner of Pollock and Middle Sts., NEW BERN, N. C.,

And have opened a very large and fresh stock of DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

Which they will sell at WHOLESALE OR RETAIL, at REASONABLE PRICES!

WE also are prepared to receive Consignments of COTTON and OTHER PRODUCTS, Make liberal advancements upon the same and ship to the New York market.

The highest market price and prompt returns guaranteed in all cases.

REMEMBER THE PLACE:

Hulbert & McLean, At the large Brick Store, Corner of Pollock and Middle Streets.

New Bern, Aug. 3, 1865-3m

WILEY F. HIGGINS,

Having resumed his old business of the Dry Goods Trade, Would be pleased to see his friends at HULBERT & McLEAN'S, at the Emmet Cuthbert Store, Cor. Pollock and Middle Sts., NEW BERN.

aug2-3m

HUGHES & DILL, Commission & Shipping Merchants,

Newbern, N. C.

CONSIGNMENTS OF COTTON, NAVAL STORES and Tobacco, will have our prompt attention.

Agents for Murray's line of Steamships to New York, and sailing vessels for Baltimore and Philadelphia.

T. J. HUGHES, Newbern. G. W. DILL, Morehead City.

jy 8-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

SECRET WONDERS!

NO. 1. Ventriloquism made easy, and the secret of horse-taming. No. 2. Fortune-telling by cards and gambling exposed. No. 3. How to make whiskers and moustaches grow, and how to make artificial diamonds. No. 4. How to procure whiskers and moustache in six weeks. No. 5. How to cut off your nose and how to detect gold and silver counterfeits. No. 6. How to make luminous ink, which shines in the dark; magical copying paper, artificial gems, sapphires, imitation gold, silver, &c. No. 7. How to make artificial lightning, a lamp that will burn for twelve months; and how to make cider without apples. No. 8. How to fasten a horse in three weeks; and secrets of catching birds, foxes, minks, muskrat, fish, &c. No. 9. Imitation liquors, cider champagne, Cognac brandy, Rochelle brandy, peach and apple brandy, rum, whiskey, port wines, Holland gins, &c., &c. No. 10. How to fight a lamp with ice and how to prepare a fountain of fire. No. 11. How to produce a mouse from a pack of cards; how to eat tow and spit it on fire in your mouth; and a nut trick. No. 12. How to take feathers out of an empty handkerchief; how to change a pack of cards into all manner of pictures; how to make a card pass from one hand to another. No. 13. How to cut off a man's head and place it on a platter a yard from his body; the new and beautiful art of transferring on to glass, colored or plain engravings, photographs, lithographs, water colors, oil colors, crayons, daguerreotypes, newspaper cuts, manuscript, pencil writing, show cards, labels, or in fact anything.

The tricks of any of the above numbers will be fully explained for only One Dollar, or all of them for Five Dollars. Post paid and sent securely sealed.

Address: PROF. L. M. HAGENER, aug22-3m (Box 15) Greensboro', N. C.

ALES.

MACPHERSON & DONALD SMITH, (Late Styles Smith & Brother,) New York.

BREWERS OF EAST INDIA AND BITTER PALE ALES, FOR CITY AND SOUTHERN USE.

These ales are of improved quality, brewed with great care, pleasant, nutritive and strengthening, and can be relied on for purity.

Brewery, West 15th st., between 7th and 8th ave.

jy 15 3m

CALL AND GET ONE OF RICHARDSON'S GOLD CIRCULARS GIVING THE PRICE OF GOLD EVERY DAY DURING THE WAR.

If you owe any person GET ONE. If any person owes you—GET ONE.

Sent by mail, post paid, on receipt of TWENTY-FIVE CENTS. Address

W. D. RICHARDSON, jy 18-tf Newbern, N. C.

WANTED TO RENT, A DWELLING HOUSE, in a healthy and central location. Apply to S. HAINES, Field and Furniture Building, Fayetteville street. aug24-tf

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

BENNETT, VANDELT & CO., 32 White Hall St. NEW YORK.

RICHARD R. BENNETT, T. C. VANDELT, New York. | C. E. BENNETT, as B. P. Williamson & Co's, Raleigh, N. C.

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT FOR THE SALE OF COTTON, TOBACCO, COTTON YARNS CLOTH, AND NAVAL STORES.

Freight and Taxes arranged and Insurance effected by Rail-road and Sea to New York.

B. P. Williamson & Co., Raleigh, will furnish information concerning Taxes, Shipment, &c., for consignments to the above parties.

REFER TO

New York—President Atlantic Bank, Penner, Bennett & Bowman, John McKellop, W. J. Barney & Co.
Raleigh—Dr. W. J. Hawkins, President Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, Battle, Heck & Co., J. M. Heck, Esq., B. P. Williamson & Co.

jy 12-2m

*** Standard and Record copy. [4 squares.]

SHAFER & NORWOOD,

—:o:—

A. S. SHAFER, late of Petersburg, Va. | F. T. NORWOOD, late of Warrenton, N. C.

—:o:—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, OFFICE No. 5 Water St. NEW YORK.

—:o:—

Consignments of Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Grains, and all other Southern Products solicited.

Orders from Merchants, Manufacturers, Planters, and others will receive our prompt, individual attention.

—:o:—

REFER TO

Gov J M Morehead, Greensboro', N C.
W J Hawkins, President R & G R R.
Wollwine, Son & Co, Petersburg, Va.
Donnans & Johnson, Petersburg, Va.
Martin & Tannahill, Petersburg, Va.
H A Vogler, Esq, Salem, N C.
R B Richardson, Esq, Rockingham.

June 8-3m

NEW SKIRT FOR 1865.

The Great Invention of the Age in Hoop Skirts.

J. W. BRADLEY'S NEW PATENT DUPLEX ELLIPTIC, (OR DOUBLE) SPRING SKIRT.

THIS INVENTION CONSISTS OF DUPLEX (OR two) Elliptic Pure Refined Steel Springs, ingeniously braided tightly and firmly together, edge to edge, making the toughest, most flexible, elastic and durable Spring ever used. They seldom bend or break, like the single Springs, and consequently preserve their perfect and beautiful shape more than twice as long as any Single Spring Skirt that ever has or can be made.

The wonderful flexibility and great comfort and pleasure to any Lady wearing the Duplex Elliptic Skirt will be experienced particularly in all crowded Assemblies, Operas, Carriages, Railroad Cars, Church Pews, Arm-Chairs, for Promenade and House Dress, as the Skirt can be folded when in use to occupy a small place as easily and conveniently as a Silk or Muslin Dress.

A Lady having Enjoyed the Pleasure, Comfort and Great Convenience of wearing the Duplex Elliptic Steel Spring Skirt for a single day will never afterwards willingly dispense with their use. For Children, Misses and Young Ladies they are superior to all others.

The Hoops are covered with 2 ply double twisted thread and will wear twice as long as the Single yarn covering which is used on all Single Steel Hoop Skirts. The three bottom rods on every Skirt are also Double Steel, and twice or double covered to prevent the covering from wearing off the rods when dragging down stairs, stone steps, &c., &c., which they are constantly subject to when in use.

All are made of the new and elegant Corded Tapes, and are the best quality in every part, giving to the wearer the most graceful and perfect shape possible, and are unquestionably the lightest, most desirable, comfortable and economical Skirt ever made.

WEST'S, BRADLEY & CARY, (late J. I. & J. O. West,) Proprietors of the Invention, and sole manufacturers, 97 Chambers and 79 & 81 Reade Streets, New York.

For sale in all first-class stores in this City, and throughout the United States and Canada, Havana de Cuba, Mexico, South America and the West Indies.

Inquire for the Duplex Elliptic (or double) Spring Skirt. May 10-tf

SWEPSON, MENDENHALL & CO., GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FOR THE SALE OF TOBACCO, RAW COTTON, COTTON YARNS, CLOTHS, AND NAVAL STORES,

79 Pearl Street, New York.

Orders Solicited for the Purchase of Goods.

Ken'r R. Swepson, New York City.
Bank C. Swepson, New York City.
Owen R. Mendenhall, President Farmers' Bank, Greensboro', N. C.
Thomas J. Sumner, Company's Shops, N. C.
Dan'l Worth, Company Shops, N. C.
Geo. W. Swepson, Haw River P. O., N. C.

*** Liberal cash advances made on consignments.

jy 27-3m

READ BROTHERS & CO., STRAW GOODS, HATS, CAPS, &c.

—:o:—

330 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

W. B. SUMNER.

June 1-6m

LATEST NEWS.

The Trial of Jeff. Davis.

HE HAS THE ERESYPILAS.

CABLE TO BE FISHED UP.

NEWS FROM ALL QUAPTERS

Northern dates of September 2d, last Saturday afternoon, furnish the following:

MR. DAVIS' TRIAL.

A telegram from Washington, dated September 1st, says:

It may now be stated that both the President and Secretary of War are decidedly in favor of a trial by civil court, and at the earliest practicable moment. The chief difficulty has been to find a proper tribunal. The President looks with favor upon Knoxville, Tenn., where Davis committed the overt act of treason, by inciting insurrection in a speech to his army, and the vacancy in that circuit caused by the death of Justice Catron could be filled by the assignment of one of the other Judges, but the glory of the judicial fame of this trial is believed to be very pardonably coveted by Chief Justice Chase, in which case Norfolk, Virginia, will most likely be the scene of the drama. This is what Davis' men s also desire. The statement that the Grand Jury of this district found a bill against Davis for constructive treason does injustice to the intelligence of that jury and the legal mind that drew the bill. The indictment was for the overt-act.—It may be further said, that whenever and wherever the trial does take place, Gen. Butler, in conjunction with the Attorney General will take a pro ninent part as public prosecutor. The whole matter has been under consideration at a recent Cabinet meeting, where the question of mode and place was so f r decided as to render the trial an event near at hand.

ILLNESS OF MR. DAVIS.

A telegram from Fortress Monroe dated August 31, says:

It is understood that Jeff. Davis has at present an attack of erysipelas, which is the second one he has had. The first was very slight, but this is more severe, though not serious. Mr. Clay's health is improving.

THE CABLE TO BE FISHED UP.

New York, September 1.—Last night's mail from England brings a report, on good authority, that the *Great Eastern* is to be at once despatched from Sheerness to New Foundland to fish upon the way for fragments of the dissevered cable, which, it is hoped, will be recovered by means of grappling and buoys. The promoters of the enterprise in England are determined to lay another cable next year, making use of the recovered portion of the old cable.

DEATH-BED CONFESSION OF A MURDERESS.

HAMILTON, Aug. 30.—Last week a woman namek Perkins, wife of a respectable well-to-do farmer, near Brantford, Upper Canada, finding herself upon her death-bed, sent for a clergyman and confessed that she had, at different periods of her life, committed six murders, and all by poison. At first it was imagined that she was delirous, but subsequent inquiry has afforded ample corroboration of the wretches's statement. She said that she had a mania for destroying human life, and it was only by the greatest self-restraint that she could keep herself from poising all persons with whom she was on terms of friendship. She had however, poisened four children and two adults, and what makes the matter still more revolting is the fact that two of the former were her own children, and one of the latter her first husband's. The children were murdered in England, and the adults in Canada.—She has been married to her second husband for a number of years, and all the time passed for a respectable, industrious woman. Her appearance, however, was most revolting, and she was, in fact, the exact image of what we would imagine one of the weird sisters in "Macbeth" to have been. She died soon after making the above horrible disclosure.

AFFRAY AT MOBILE

New York, September 1.—The steamer *Northern Light*, from New Orleans on the 30th ultimo, has, arrived.

The *Times* says that on the 23d ultimo an affray occurred at the Battle House, Mobile, in which Signor Lavego, on General Maury's staff, was severely stabbed by Chas. Forsythe, son of the Mayor. Lavega cannot recover.

THE KENTUCKY ELECTION.

Lexington, Aug. 29.—The total official vote, with the exception of Wolfe county, is—for Treasurer, Garrard, 42,240; Neale 42,082. Garrard's majority is 158. Last fall McClellan's majority was about 88,000.

The House will stand—Opposition, 58; Union, 42 The Senate—Opposition, 18; Union, 18.

It is said that Lieutenant Governor Jacobs favors the amendment. If so, his casting vote will carry it in the Senate.

The Mormons.

A free press has at last been established at Great Salt Lake city, Utah Territory, that has not the fear of Brigham Young before its eyes. It is called the *Daily Union Vidette*. Speaking of the Mormons in a late issue, it says:

Elsewhere their offiences were such as mark low and depraved natures that are incited more by avarice than by deep depravity or guilt. But in Utah they have improved upon their first practices, and have added treason, rebellion and murder to the petty crimes and petty vices before indulged in.—They have in the tabernacle preached open, defiant treason to the Government of the United States.

It was one of the ineffaceable disgraces of the Buchanan Administration that the *Mountain Meadow Massacre*, one of the most atrocious deeds of blood ever perpetrated in this or any other country, was never investigated, and the red handed Mormon murderers brought to justice.

TERRIBLE HAIL STORM IN MAINE.—A correspondent of the Bango *Whig* writes from Sangerville village, Penobscot county, Me., stating that on Monday last a terrible hail storm came from the southwest about 2 o'clock p. m, accompanied with violent wind. In ten or fifteen minutes it had passed and done the work of destruction. The crops were almost wholly ruined. Wheat, barley, oats and other grain nearly ready to harvest was beaten down, the grain threshed off and the straw broken into shreds. Beautiful fields of corn, in which the town abounded, were almost totally ruined. The tops of potatoes were fairly mashed to pieces by the icy bullets. Gardens of tomatoes, cabbages, beans, &c., were sorry-looking sights. The value of the crops destroyed is very great.

—By the constitution of New York there is not a bank in the city or State that has not forfeited its charter by suspending specie payments.

A Proclamation,

BY WILLIAM W. HOLDEN,

Provisional Governor,

TO THE PEOPLE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

In pursuance of power vested in me by ANDREW JOHNSON, President of the United States, by his Proclamation of May 29th, 1865, appointing a Provisional Governor of North Carolina, under the fourth article of the Constitution of the United States, which guarantees to every State in the Union a republican form of government; and in order to enable the loyal people of said State to organize a State Government, whereby justice may be established, domestic tranquility restored, and loyal citizens protected in all their rights of life, liberty, and property; and in order, also, that said State may be restored to its Constitutional relations to the Federal government, by presenting such a republican form of government as will entitle the State to the guarantee of the United States therefor, and its people to protection by the United States against invasion, insurrection and domestic violence, I, WILLIAM W. HOLDEN, Provisional Governor as aforesaid, do hereby proclaim that an election will be held in said State, on Thursday, the 21st day of September, 1865, for a Convention, to be composed of one hundred and twenty delegates, to be chosen as follows:

The county of Alamance will choose two members.
The county of Alexander will choose one member.
The counties of Ashe and Alleghany will choose one member.
The county of Anson will choose two members.
The county of Beaufort will choose two members.
The county of Bertie will choose two members.
The county of Bladen will choose one member.
The county of Brunswick will choose one member.
The county of Buncombe will choose one member.
The county of Burke will choose one member.
The county of Cabarrus will choose one member.
The county of Caldwell will choose one member.
The county of Camden will choose one member.
The county of Carteret will choose one member.
The county of Caswell will choose two members.
The county of Catawba will choose one member.
The county of Chatham will choose three members.
The counties of Cherokee and Clay will choose one member.
The county of Chowan will choose one member.
The county of Cleaveland will choose two members.
The county of Columbus will choose one member.
The county of Craven will choose two members.
The counties of Cumberland and Harnett will choose three members.
The county of Currituck will choose one member.
The county of Davidson will choose two members.
The county of Davie will choose one member.
The county of Duplin will choose two members.
The counties of Edgecombe and Wilson will choose two members.
The county of Forsyth will choose two members.
The county of Franklin will choose one member.
The county of Gaston will choose one member.
The county of Gates will choose one member.
The county of Granville will choose three members.
The county of Greene will choose one member.
The county of Guilford will choose three members.
The county of Halifax will choose two members.
The county of Haywood will choose one member.
The counties of Henderson and Transylvania will choose one member.
The county of Hertford will choose one member.
The county of Hyde will choose one member.
The county of Iredell will choose two members.
The county of Jackson will choose one member.
The county of Johnston will choose two members.
The county of Jones will choose one member.
The county of Lenoir will choose one member.
The county of Lincoln will choose one member.
The county of Macon will choose one member.
The county of Madison will choose one member.
The county of Martin will choose one member.
The county of McDowell will choose one member.
The county of Mecklenburg will choose two members.
The county of Montgomery will choose one member.
The county of Moore will choose one member.
The county of Nash will choose one member.
The county of New Hanover will choose two members.
The county of Northampton will choose two members.
The county of Onslow will choose one member.
The county of Orange will choose two members.
The county of Pasquotank will choose one member.
The county of Perquimans will choose one member.
The county of Person will choose one member.
The county of Pitt will choose two members.
The county of Randolph will choose two members.
The county of Richmond will choose one member.
The county of Robeson will choose two members.
The county of Rockingham will choose two members.
The county of Rowan will choose two members.
The counties of Rutherford and Polk will choose two members.
The counties of Sampson will choose two members.
The county of Stanly will choose one member.
The county of Stokes will choose one member.
The county of Surry will choose one member.
The county of Tyrrell will choose one member.
The county of Union will choose one member.
The county of Wake will choose three members.
The county of Warren will choose two members.
The county of Washington will choose one member.
The county of Watauga will choose one member.
The county of Wayne will choose two members.
The county of Wilkes will choose two members.
The county of Yadkin will choose one member.
The counties of Yancey and Mitchell will choose one member.

The Clerks and Sheriffs of the respective counties will proceed at once to assemble the Justices of the Peace, a majority of whom will select from their number not less than six nor more than eighteen Justices, men of intelligence, discretion firmness, and approved loyalty, whose duty it shall be to administer to those who may be entitled to receive it, the oath contained in the President's Amnesty Proclamation of May 29th, 1865, under such instruction as may be prescribed in this Proclamation. The Justices shall, at the same time, appoint Inspectors of the elections at the various precincts in their respective counties, in accordance with the law in relation thereto, Chapter 52, Revised Code of North Carolina. The elections for members of the Convention shall be conducted in the same manner as elections for members of the House of Commons, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 52, Revised Code, so far as said provisions may be applicable; and the officers appointed to hold said elections, and to make returns thereof, shall be liable to the same penalties for failure to act, or for neglect of duty, as are prescribed in chapter 52, Revised Code.

No person will be allowed to vote who is not a voter qualified as prescribed by the Constitution and laws of the State, in force immediately before the 20th day of May, 1861; except that the payment of a poll tax shall not be required.

All paroled soldiers of the army and navy of the pretended Confederate States, or of this State, and all paroled officers of the army and navy of the pretended Confederate States, or of this State, under and including the rank of Colonel, if of the army, and under and including the rank of Lieutenant, if of the navy, will be allowed to vote, provided they are not included in any of the fourteen excluded classes of the President's Amnesty Proclamation; and, provided further, that they are citizens of the State in accordance with the terms prescribed in the preceding paragraph.

No person will be allowed to vote who does not exhibit to the inspectors a copy of the Amnesty Oath, as contained in the President's Proclamation of May 29th, 1865, signed by himself and certified by at least two Justices of the Peace.

Printed Copies of the Amnesty Oath will be furnished to the Clerks, who will distribute them to the Justices appointed to administer the oath. The Justices will deliver the certified copy to the person taking the oath, and retain the original to be transmitted to this office.

Justices of the Peace are authorized to administer the Amnesty Oath to persons who may desire to apply to the President for a pardon.

The Sheriffs of the respective counties shall furnish, as soon as practicable, certificates of election to those persons who may have received the highest number of votes as members of the Convention; and the Sheriffs shall also immediately send to the office of the Secretary of State, Raleigh, a statement of the vote in their respective Counties for the members aforesaid, and also a statement of the said vote, sealed up, directed to the President of the Convention, Raleigh, to be laid before the Convention.

The members of the Convention thus chosen, will assemble in the city of Raleigh, on Monday, the second day of October, 1865.

The attention of Justices appointed to administer the Amnesty Oath, is especially directed to the following fourteen excluded classes of the President's Amnesty Proclamation of May 29th, 1865:

First—All who are, or shall have been, pretended civil or diplomatic officers, or otherwise, domestic or foreign agents of the pretended Confederate government.

Second—All who left judical stations under the United States to aid the rebellion.

Third—All who shall have been military or naval officers of said pretended Confederate government, above the rank of Colonel in the army or Lieutenant in the navy.

Fourth—All who left seats in the Congress of the United States to aid the rebellion.

Fifth—All who resigned or tendered resignations of their commissions in the army or navy of the United States to evade duty in resisting the rebellion.

Sixth—All who have engaged in any way in threatening otherwise than lawfully as prisoners of war persons found in the United States service, as officers, soldiers, seamen, or in other capacities.

Seventh—All persons who have been or are absentees from the United States for the purpose of aiding the rebellion.

Eighth—All military and naval officers in the rebel service who were educated by the government in the Military Academy at West Point, or the United States Naval Academy.

Ninth—All persons who held the pretended offices of Governors of States in insurrection against the United States.

Tenth—All persons who left their homes within the jurisdiction and protection of the United States and passed beyond the federal military lines into the so-called Confederate States for the purpose of aiding the rebellion.

Eleventh—All persons who have been engaged in the destruction of the commerce of the United States upon the high seas, and persons who have made raids into the United States from Canada, or been engaged in destroying the commerce of the United States upon the lakes and rivers that separate the British provinces from the United States.

Twelfth—All persons who, at the time when they seek to obtain the benefits hereof by taking the oath herein prescribed, are in military, naval or civil confinement or custody, or under bonds of the civil, military or naval authorities or agents of the United States, as prisoners of war, or persons detained for offences of any kind either before or after conviction.

Thirteenth.—All persons who have voluntarily participated in said rebellion, and the estimated value of whose taxable property is over twenty thousand dollars.

Fourteenth—All persons who have taken the oath of amnesty as prescribed in the President's proclamation of December eighth, A. D., one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, or an oath of allegiance to the government of the United States since the date of said proclamation, and who have not hereforward kept and maintained the same inviolate: *Provided*, That special application may be made to the President for pardon by any person belonging to the excepted classes, and such clemency will be liberally extended as may be consistent with the facts of the case and the peace and dignity of the United States.

Under the first exception are included all persons who have been civil or diplomatic officers or agents of the pretended Confederate government, either within or without the territorial limits of the United States.

Under the seventh exception are included all officers, agents, or private citizens who have been absent from the United States for the purpose of aiding the rebellion.

Under the thirteenth exception are included all who, during the rebellion, have held any office or agency under the State or pretended Confederate government; or have in any way voluntarily joined in the rebellion, as for example, by entering or marching with armed forces hostile to the United States; by sending or furnishing money, provisions, or arms to persons engaged in the rebellion, save in cases where money or provisions were furnished from the promptings of charity or humanity; by acting with assemblages of persons, whether organized or unorganized, hostile to the United States; or in any other way giving voluntary aid, assistance or encouragement to the rebellion; and whose taxable property on the 29th day of May, 1865, exceeded in value the sum of twenty thousand dollars.

The other exceptions are so plain as not to require explanation.

No certificate will be granted by the Justices to any person who is included within any of the fourteen excluded classes, unless on exhibition by the party of his pardon for his offence from the President.

The Justices appointed to administer the amnesty oath, and to furnish certificates of the same which shall be evidence of loyalty, are especially instructed to be vigilant and faithful. While it will not be their duty to attempt to pry into the hearts and consciences of men, they will nevertheless admonish those who may apply to take the oath, that it must be taken and subscribed in good faith, with an honest intention on their part to keep it without secret purpose or mental reservation upon any occasion or at any time to commit any act in violation of said oath; and they will warn them that if the oath is not thus taken and kept, the pardon offered them by the President will be void, and they will remain subject to trial under the law for perjury and treason.

The Justices, Clerks and Sheriffs, whose duty it is to provide for administering the oath and to conduct the elections, are enjoined to use every practicable means to enable every citizen to take the oath who may desire and be entitled to do so. And the Inspectors are enjoined to inspect and examine fairly and truly, to decide in every case in accordance with the law, and with the instructions they have received from this office, and to make prompt and correct returns of the number of votes and for whom cast, at their respective precincts.

Done at our city of Raleigh, the 8th day of August, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and in the year of the Independence of the United States the ninetieth.

WILLIAM W. HOLDEN,
Provisional Governor.

By the Governor:
LEWIS HANES, Private Secretary.
aug 9-3wtd

***The newspapers of the State will publish the above Proclamation twice a week till day of election, and send accounts to this office.

HOTELS AND BOARDING HOUSES.

JARRATT'S HOTEL,

PETERSBURG, VA.,

(TERMINUS OF WELDON RAILROAD.)

PLATT & SIMMONS, Proprietors.

JAS. H. PLATT, JR. aug7-3m GEO. C. SIMMONS.

Metropolitan Hotel,

GREENSBORO', N. C.

KEOGH & CRANE ..... Proprietors.

Messrs. KEOGH & CRANE having refitted and furnished throughout the popular hotel in Greensboro known as the Brittain House, have opened it under the above name.

They will spare no pains or expense to make it the best hotel in the State. aug28-1m

DRY GOODS.

GEO. Z. FRENCH & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO
CUTTER & FRENCH

Fayetteville Street,

(*OLD STAND OF TUCKER, ANDREWS & CO.,*)

ARE CLOSING OUT

AT COST.

THEIR EXTENSIVE STOCK OF

CLOTHING.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Hats and Caps,

BOOTS & SHOES,

MILITARY CLOTHING,

MILITARY TRIMMINGS AND EQUIPMENTS,

SUTLER GOODS,

GROCERIES,

&c., &c., &c.

Call and examine this stock before purchasing elsewhere.
jy 17-tf

MAIL ROUTE.

Fayetteville,

THE BEST, MOST EXPEDITIOUS AND

Most Comfortable ROUTE From Charlotte

TO THE

Northern Cities,

VIA

North Carolina Railroad,

Raleigh & Gaston Railroad,

Petersburg & Weldon Railroad

AND THEIR

VARIOUS CONNECTIONS.

Passengers by this line will leave CHARLOTTE at 3 o'clock p. m., arrive at Raleigh 4.30 a. m. Leave RALEIGH 5 o'clock a. m., arrive at Gaston 12 a. m. Leave GASTON 1 p. m., arrive at Petersburg 6.30 p. m., and leave that night for Richmond and the north, or stay in Petersburg, get a good night's rest and take the cars for City Point, connecting with the James River steamers for northern points.

Passengers for western or southern points will leave Petersburg at 5.30 o'clock a. m., arrive at Gaston 11 a. m. Leave Gaston 11 a. m., arrive at Raleigh 7 p. m. Leave Raleigh at 7.40 p. m. and 6 a. m.

Passengers are respectfully requested to get tickets before entering the cars.

No trains on the Petersburg Rail Road on Sundays.

E. WILKES,
Eng. and Sup't N. C. R. R.
A. JOHNSON,
Sup't Raleigh & Gaston R. R.
R. M. DUNLOP,
aug21-tf Sup't Petersburg & Weldon R. R.

***Raleigh Standard, Sentinel, Recorder, Salisbury Union Banner and Petersburg Express publish daily, Charlotte Democrat and Greensboro Patriot publish weekly, till forbid. A. J., Sup't R. & G. R. R.

NORTH CAROLINA RAILROAD.

Change of Time.

ON AND AFTER 7:40 P. M., Sunday, August 13th, 1865, Trains will run, until further orders, as follows:

GOING WEST:

MAIL TRAIN:

Leave	Raleigh,	7.40 P. M.
"	Greensboro,	2.17 A. M.
"	Salisbury,	6.45 "
Arrive	Charlotte,	10.10 "

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN:

Leave	Raleigh,	6.00 A. M.
"	Greensboro,	12.50 P. M.
"	Salisbury,	5.00 "
Arrive	Charlotte,	8.20 "

GOING EAST:

MAIL TRAIN:

Leave	Charlotte,	3.00 P. M.
"	Salisbury,	6.25 "
"	Greensboro,	10.15 "
Arrive	Raleigh,	4.30 A. M.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN:

Leave	Charlotte,	5.25 A. M.
"	Salisbury,	9.00 "
"	Greensboro,	1.05 P. M.
Arrive	Raleigh,	7.30 "

MAIL TRAIN connects, east and west, with the Raleigh & Gaston train for Petersburg and the North and with the U. S. Military railroad for Goldsboro, Newbern, Morehead City and Wilmington.

FREIGHT TRAIN leaves Raleigh at 11 A. M., Charlotte 6 00 A. M.,—stopping at Company Shops over night.

The Mail Train only will run on Sunday. Passengers are notified to procure tickets before entering the trains, as additional fare will be collected.

E. WILKES,
aug12-tf Engineer and Sup't.

SCHEDULE

RALEIGH AND GASTON RAILROAD,

To take effect Tuesday, June 22, 1865.

GOING NORTH:

MAIL TRAIN:

Leave	Raleigh	5 00 A. M.
"	Mill Brook	5 25 "
"	Huntsville	5 46 "
"	Wake	6 13 "
"	Franklinton	7 06 "
"	Kittrell's	8 12 "
"	Henderson	8 53 "
"	Junction	9 30 "
"	Ridgeway	9 36 "
"	Warrenton	10 15 "
"	Macon	10 37 "
"	Littleton	11 "
"	Garton	12 08 "
Arrive	Weldon	1 30 P. M.

GOING SOUTH:

MAIL TRAIN:

Leave	Weldon	10 00 A. M.
"	Garton	11 00 "
"	Littleton	13 45 P. M.
"	Macon	1 34 "
"	Warrenton	1 57 "
"	Ridgeway	2 22 "
"	Junction	3 00 "
"	Henderson	3 22 "
"	Kittrell's	4 03 "
"	Franklinton	4 44 "
"	Wake	5 29 "
"	Huntsville	6 03 "
"	Mill Brook	6 21 "
Arrive	Raleigh	7 00 "

ALBERT JOHNSON,
aug14-tf Superintendent.

Notice.

OFFICE OF THE PETERSBURG R. R. CO.,
PETERSBURG, VA., August 14, 1865

THE Petersburg Railroad Company are now prepared to transport Freight and Passengers to and from Petersburg, Va., to Gaston and Garysburg, N. C., and intermediate stations. Rates of Freight can be ascertained by application to any of the Company's Agents

Outward Freight must be PREPAID, and inward freight can be PAID OR ENTERED at the depot in Petersburg.

At Stations where the Company have no Warehouse, some one must be in readiness to receive shipments on arrival of trains, and at such places freight intended for shipment will only be received for transportation by the Company when the trains are ready to receive it, as the Company will only be responsible for such freight while on their trains.

ROBT M. DUNLOP,
aug19-tf Superintendent.

10 DOZEN FRENCH CALF SKINS.
15 pounds BLACK SEWING SILK.
10 dozen SOFT HATS.
For sale at B. F. WILLIAMSON & CO'S.,
aug7-tf [Fayetteville Street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HORACE M. BARRY,

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

SHIPPING AND COMMISSION ERCHANT,

AND

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Provisions, Groceries,

AND

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

—:o:—

COTTON, NAVAL STORES & OTHER PRODUCTS

Received on consignment for sale in New York,

Or Bought for Cash.

—:o:—

LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES

MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS TO

ARTHUR LEARY, - - - NEW YORK.

—:o:—

SIGHT DRAFTS ON NEW YORK

Bought and Sold.

—:o:—

AGENT FOR THE

NEW YORK AND WILMINGTON

Line Steamships

Commander

AND

Starlight

aug10-6m

THE UNION STORE,

(*EUTOBING'S OLD STAND.*)

THE FINEST AND LARGEST ESTABLISHMENT IN TOWN NOW OPEN.

PLEASE CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK, CONSISTING OF ALL KINDS OF

FANCY GOODS, SEGARS, TOBACO AND PIPES,

—ALSO—

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.

LADIES SHOES OF ALL DESCRIPTION,

AND OBLIGE YOUR OBEDIENT SERVANT,

PH. THEIM.

Raleigh, N. C., June 20, 1865-3m

MURRAY & NEPHEW,
COMMISSION AND SHIPPING MERCHANTS,

AND AGENTS FOR MURRAY'S NORTH CAROLINA STEAMSHIP LINE,

62 South Street, New York.

CONSIGNMENTS OF COTTON AND NAVAL Stores will receive our special attention. Consignments made through GEO. W. DILL, Morehead, will be forwarded free of charge.

All orders promptly filled. Having been in the North Carolina trade for over twenty years, we feel competent to testify our correspondents in all particulars.

N. B.—Full quotations of our markets furnished.
May 15-tf

C. M. Delamar & Co.,

(Formerly of Baltimore,)

GENERAL COMMISSION

AND

Shipping Merchants,

174 Front Street, NEW YORK,

Solicit consignments of COTTON, TOBACCO, &c.,

NAVAL STORES, &c., &c.,

On which we will make liberal cash advances and prompt returns. aug6-1m

ATTENTION! COTTON OWNERS.

WE CAN SELL 200 BALES COTTON. Parties wishing to dispose of any will send word at once. RICHARDSON & MILLER.